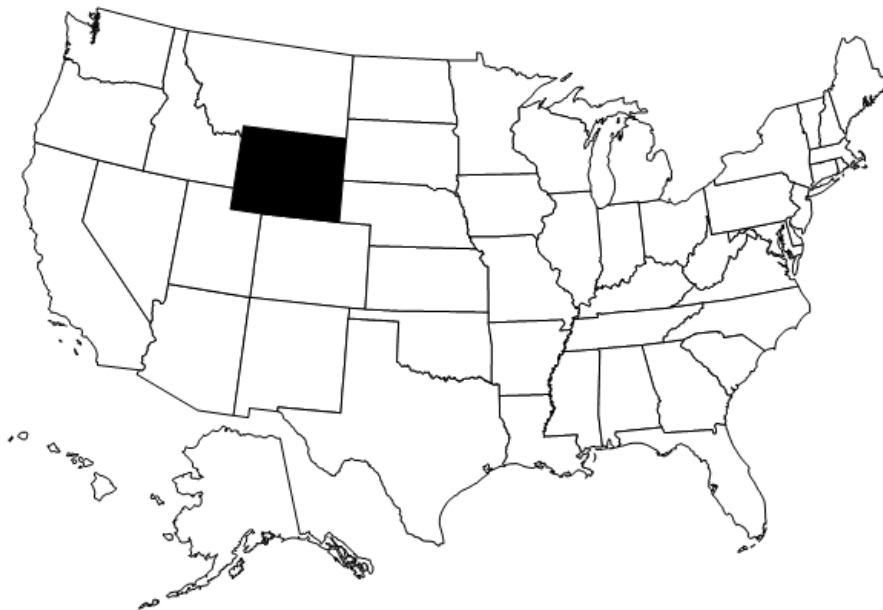


**2000 CENSUS**  
**EDUCATION REPORT**  
**BY**  
**COUNTY, MUNICIPALITY & PLACE**

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**WYOMING**



# WYOMING

## 2000 CENSUS EDUCATION REPORT BY COUNTY, MUNICIPALITY & PLACE

### **BONDATA**

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BONDATA is a geodemographic consulting firm specializing in Census related databases, custom maps including census tract maps, ring/market study maps, customer/sales maps and thematic maps, geocoding, GIS (Geographic Information System) based applications such as software (ATLAS GIS, ArcView, SAM, Doctor Dolittle), file conversions, digitizing, redistricting, estimates, demographics, and training.

BONDATA also offers services regarding geocoding, database set-up, data conversions, consulting and spatial databases, in the form of street files, census and custom boundaries, TIGER Landmarks, data conversions and much more.

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This report is also available in electronic form.

Special extracts from the US Bureau of the Census's Summary File 3 file are available upon request.

Detailed data is available in database or spreadsheet format to the census block level.

## INTRODUCTION

The data in this report was extracted from the Census 2000 Summary File 3 released by the US Bureau of the Census in 2002. This report contains population by race and Hispanic origin for State, Counties, County Subdivisions and Places in single or multiple states. It is intended to be a summary of the general population data available. Data definitions and Geography definitions are derived from the Census Bureau's SF3 documentation.

## THE DATA

### SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL

Data on school enrollment were derived from answers to long-form questionnaire Items 8a and 8b, which were asked of a sample of the population. People were classified as enrolled in school if they reported attending a "regular" public or private school or college at any time between February 1, 2000, and the time of enumeration. The question included instructions to "include only nursery school or preschool, kindergarten, elementary school, and schooling which leads to a high school diploma or a college degree" as regular school or college. Respondents who did not answer the enrollment question were assigned the enrollment status and type of school of a person with the same age, sex, and race/Hispanic or Latino origin whose residence was in the same or a nearby area.

**Public and private school** - Public and private school includes people who attended school in the reference period and indicated they were enrolled by marking one of the questionnaire categories for either "public school, public college" or "private school, private college." Schools supported and controlled primarily by a federal, state, or local government are defined as public (including tribal schools). Those supported and controlled primarily by religious organizations or other private groups are private.

**Comparability** - School enrollment questions have been included in the census since 1840; highest grade attended was first asked in 1940; type of school was first asked in 1960. Before 1940, the enrollment question in various censuses referred to attendance in the preceding 6 months or the preceding year. In 1940, the reference was to attendance in the month preceding the census, and in the 1950 and subsequent censuses, the question referred to attendance in the 2 months preceding the census date.

Until the 1910 census, there were no instructions limiting the kinds of schools in which enrollment was to be counted. Starting in 1910, the instructions indicated that attendance at "school, college, or any educational institution" was to be counted. In 1930 an instruction to include "night school" was added. In the 1940 instructions, night school, extension school, or vocational school were included only if the school was part of the regular school system. Correspondence school work of any kind was excluded. In the 1950 instructions, the term "regular school" was introduced, and it was defined as schooling which "advances a person towards an elementary or high school diploma or a college, university, or professional school degree." Vocational, trade, or business schools were excluded unless they were graded and considered part of a regular school system. On-the-job training was excluded, as was nursery school. Instruction by correspondence was excluded unless it was given by a regular school and counted towards promotion. In 1960, the question used the term "regular school or college" and a similar, though expanded, definition of "regular" was included in the instruction, which continued to exclude nursery school. Because of the use of mailed questionnaires in the 1960 census, it was the first census in which instructions were written for the respondent as well as enumerators. In the 1970 census, the questionnaire used the phrase "regular school or college" and included instructions to "count nursery school, kindergarten, and schooling that leads to an elementary school certificate, high school diploma, or college degree." Instructions in a separate document specified that to be counted as regular school, nursery school must include instruction as an important and integral phase of its program, and continued the exclusion of vocational, trade, and business schools. The 1980 census question was very similar to the 1970 question, but the separate instruction booklet did not require that nursery school include substantial instructional content in order to be counted. Instructions included in the 1990 respondent instruction guide, which was mailed with the census questionnaire, further specified that enrollment in a trade or business school, company training, or tutoring were not to be included unless the course would be accepted for credit at a regular elementary school, high school, or college. The instruction guide defines a public school as "any school or college controlled and supported by a local, county, state, or federal government." Schools supported and controlled primarily by religious organizations or other private groups were defined as private. In Census 2000 there was no separate instruction guide. The questionnaire reference book used by numerators and telephone assistance staff contained these definitions for those who asked questions.

The age range for which enrollment data have been obtained and published has varied over the censuses. Information on enrollment was recorded for people of all ages in the 1930 and 1940 censuses and 1970 through 2000 censuses; for people under 30 years old in 1950; and for people 5 to 34 years old in 1960. Most of the published enrollment figures referred to people 5 to 20 years old in the 1930 census, 5 to 24 in 1940, 5 to 29 in 1950, 5 to 34 in 1970, and 3 years old and over in 1980 and later years. This growth in the age group whose enrollment was reported reflects increased interest in the number of children in preprimary schools and in the number of older people attending colleges and universities. In the 1950 and subsequent censuses, college students were enumerated where they lived while attending college; whereas, in earlier censuses, they generally were enumerated at their parental homes. This change should not affect the comparability of national figures on college enrollment since 1940; however, it may affect the comparability over time of enrollment figures at subnational levels. Type of school was first introduced in the 1960 census, where a separate question asked the Enrolled person whether he/she was in a "public" or "private" school. Beginning with the 1970 census, the type of school was incorporated into the response categories for the enrollment question and the terms were changed to "public," "parochial," and "other private." In the 1980 census, "private, church related" and "private, not church related" replaced "parochial" and "other private." In 1990 and 2000, "public" and "private" were used. Data on school enrollment also were collected and published by other federal, state, and local government agencies. Where these data were obtained from administrative records of school systems and institutions of higher learning, they were only roughly comparable to data from population censuses and household surveys because of differences in definitions and concepts, subject matter covered, time references, and enumeration methods. At the local level, the difference between the location of the institution and the residence of the student may affect the comparability of census and administrative data. Differences between the boundaries of school districts and census geographic units may also affect these comparisons.

## **EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT**

Data on educational attainment was asked of a sample of the population. Data on attainment are tabulated for the **population 25 years old and over**. People are classified according to the highest degree or level of school completed. The order in which degrees were listed on the questionnaire suggested that doctorate degrees were “higher” than professional school degrees, which were “higher” than master’s degrees. The question included instructions for people currently enrolled in school to report the level of the previous grade attended or the highest degree received. Respondents who did not report educational attainment or enrollment level were assigned the attainment of a person of the same age, race, Hispanic or Latino origin, occupation and sex, where possible, who resided in the same or a nearby area. Respondents who filled more than one box were edited to the highest level or degree reported.

**High School Graduate** - Includes people who received either a high school diploma or the equivalent, for example, passed the Test of General Educational Development (G.E.D.) and did not attend college, to be reported as “high school graduate(s).” The question on the census form included a response category that allowed respondents to report completing the 12th grade without receiving a high school diploma. These are excluded from this category.

**Some College** - This category includes some college less than one year or 1 or more years with no degree achieved and those who have earned an Associate degree. “Associate degree” included people whose highest degree is an associate degree, which generally requires 2 years of college level work and is either in an occupational program that prepares them for a specific occupation, or an academic program primarily in the arts and sciences. The course work may or may not be transferable to a bachelor’s degree.

**Bachelor’s Degree & Above** - This category includes Bachelor’s degrees, Master’s degrees (which include the traditional MA and MS degrees and field-specific degrees, such as MSW, MEd, MBA, MLS, and MEng). Some examples of professional degrees include medicine, dentistry, chiropractic, optometry, osteopathic medicine, pharmacy, podiatry, veterinary medicine, law, and theology. Vocational and technical training, such as barber school training; business, trade, technical, and vocational schools; or other training for a specific trade, are specifically excluded.

**Not High School Graduate** - This category includes people 25 years old and above who are not enrolled in school, have never been enrolled in school, and those who were enrolled in school but did not graduate high school. It may include people who have completed up to the 12<sup>th</sup> grade but did not receive a diploma or G.E.D.

**Comparability** - From 1840 to 1930, the census measured educational attainment by means of a basic literacy question. In 1940, a single question was asked on highest grade of school completed. In the 1950 to 1980 censuses, a two-part question was used to construct highest grade or year of school completed. The question asked (1) the highest grade of school attended and (2) whether that grade was finished. For people who have not attended college, the response categories in the current educational attainment question should produce data that are comparable to data on highest grade completed from earlier censuses. For people who attended college, there is less comparability between years of school completed and highest degree. Beginning in 1990, the response categories for people who have attended college were modified from earlier censuses because there was some ambiguity in interpreting responses in terms of the number of years of college completed. For instance, it was not clear whether “completed the fourth year of college,” “completed the senior year of college,” and “college graduate” were synonymous. Research conducted shortly before the 1990 census suggests that these terms were more distinct than in earlier decades, and this change may have threatened the ability to estimate the number of “college graduates” from the number of people reported as having completed the fourth or a higher year of college. It was even more difficult to make inferences about post-baccalaureate degrees and “Associate” degrees from highest year of college completed. Thus, comparisons of post-secondary educational attainment in the 2000 and 1990 censuses with data from the earlier censuses should be made with great caution.

Changes between 1990 and Census 2000 were slight. The two associate degree categories in 1990 were combined into one for Census 2000. “Some college, no degree” was split into two categories, “Some college credit, but less than 1 year,” and “1 or more years of college, no degree.” Prior to 1990, the college levels reported began with “Completed 1 year of college.” Beginning in 1990, the first category was “Some college, no degree,” which allowed people with less than 1 year of college to be given credit for college. Prior to 1990, they were included in “High school, 4 years.” The two revised categories will accommodate comparisons with either data series and allow the tabulation of students who completed at least 1 year of college, as some data users wish. This will not change the total number who completed some college.

The category “12th grade, no diploma” was counted as high school completion or “Completed high school, 4 years” prior to 1990 and as “Less than high school graduate” in 1990 and 2000. In the 1960 and subsequent censuses, people for whom educational attainment was not reported were assigned the same attainment level as a similar person whose residence was in the same or a nearby area. In the 1940 and 1950 censuses, people for whom educational attainment was not reported were not allocated.

In censuses prior to 1990, “median school years completed” was used as a summary measure of educational attainment. Using the current educational attainment question, the median can only be calculated for groups of which less than half the members have attended college. “Percent high school graduate or higher” and “percent bachelor’s degree or higher” are summary measures that can be calculated from the present data and offer quite readily interpretable measures of differences between population subgroups.

## **LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH**

**Language Spoken at Home** - Data on language spoken at home were derived from answers to long-form questionnaire Items 11a and 11b, which were asked of a sample of the population. Data were edited to include in tabulations only the population 5 years old and over. Questions 11a and 11b referred to languages spoken at home in an effort to measure the current use of languages other than English. People who knew languages other than English but did not use them at home or who only used them elsewhere were

excluded. Most people who reported speaking a language other than English at home also speak English. The questions did not permit determination of the primary or dominant language of people who spoke both English and another language. (For more information, see discussion below on “Ability to Speak English.”)

Instructions to enumerators and questionnaire assistance center staff stated that a respondent should mark “Yes” in Question 11a if the person sometimes or always spoke a language other than English at home. Also, respondents were instructed not to mark “Yes” if a language other than English was spoken only at school or work, or if speaking another language was limited to a few expressions or slang of the other language. For Question 11b, respondents were instructed to print the name of the non-English language spoken at home. If the person spoke more than one language other than English, the person was to report the language spoken more often or the language learned first.

For people who indicated that they spoke a language other than English at home in Question 11a, but failed to specify the name of the language in Question 11b, the language was assigned based on the language of other speakers in the household, on the language of a person of the same Spanish origin or detailed race group living in the same or a nearby area, or of a person of the same place of birth or ancestry. In all cases where a person was assigned a non-English language, it was assumed that the language was spoken at home. People for whom a language other than English was entered in Question 11b, and for whom Question 11a was blank were assumed to speak that other language at home.

The write-in responses listed in Question 11b (specific language spoken) were optically scanned or keyed onto computer files, then coded into more than 380 detailed language categories using an automated coding system. The automated procedure compared write-in responses reported by respondents with entries in a master code list, which initially contained approximately 2,000 language names, and added variants and misspellings found in the 1990 census. Each write-in response was given a numeric code that was associated with one of the detailed categories in the dictionary. If the respondent listed more than one non-English language, only the first was coded. The write-in responses represented the names people used for languages they speak. They may not match the names or categories used by linguists. The sets of categories used are sometimes geographic and sometimes linguistic. The following table provides an illustration of the content of the classification schemes used to present language data.

**Speak another Language, Pop. 5+** - This refers to person 5 years and older with the ability to speak a language other than English. The data was calculated from table P012 in SF3.

**Limitation of the data** - Some people who speak a language other than English at home may have first learned that language at school. However, these people would be expected to indicate that they spoke English “Very well.” People who speak a language other than English, but do not do so at home, should have been reported as not speaking a language other than English at home.

The extreme detail in which language names were coded may give a false impression of the linguistic precision of these data. The names used by speakers of a language to identify it may reflect ethnic, geographic, or political affiliations and do not necessarily respect linguistic distinctions. The categories shown in the tabulations were chosen on a number of criteria, such as information about the number of speakers of each language that might be expected in a sample of the U. S. population.

**Comparability** - Information on language has been collected in every census since 1890, except 1950. The comparability of data among censuses is limited by changes in question wording, by the subpopulations to whom the question was addressed, and by the detail that was published. The same question on language was asked in 1980, 1990, and Census 2000. This question on the current language spoken at home replaced the questions asked in prior censuses on mother tongue; that is, the language other than English spoken in the person’s home when he or she was a child; one’s first language; or the language spoken before immigrating to the United States. The censuses of 1910-1940, 1960, and 1970 included questions on mother tongue.

A change in coding procedures from 1980 to 1990 improved accuracy of coding and may have affected the number of people reported in some of the 380 plus categories. In 1980, coding clerks supplied numeric codes for the written entries on each questionnaire using a 2,000 name reference list. In 1990, written entries were keyed, then transcribed to a computer file and matched to a computer dictionary that began with the 2,000 name list. The name list was expanded as unmatched entries were referred to headquarters specialists for resolution. In Census 2000, the written entries were transcribed by “optical character recognition” (OCR), or manually keyed when the computer could not read the entry. Then all language entries were copied to a separate computer file and matched to a master code list. The code list is the master file developed from all language unique entries on the 1990 census, and included over 55,000 entries. The computerized matching ensured that identical alphabetic entries received the same code. Unmatched entries were referred to headquarters specialists for coding. In 2000, entries were reported in about 350 of the 380 categories.

## GEOGRAPHY

### COUNTY (OR STATISTICALLY EQUIVALENT ENTITY)

The primary legal divisions of most states are termed “counties.” In Louisiana, these divisions are known as “parishes.” In Alaska, which has no counties, the statistically equivalent entities are the organized “boroughs” and the “census areas”; the latter are delineated cooperatively for statistical purposes by the state of Alaska and the U.S. Census Bureau. In four states (Maryland, Missouri, Nevada, and Virginia) there are one or more incorporated places that are independent of any county organization and thus constitute primary divisions of their states; these incorporated places are known as “independent cities” and are treated as equivalent to counties for statistical purposes. (In some data presentations, they may be treated as county subdivisions and places.) The District of Columbia has no primary divisions, and the entire area is considered equivalent to a county for statistical purposes.

Each county and statistically equivalent entity is assigned a three-digit Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code that is unique within state. These codes are assigned in alphabetical order of county or county equivalent within a state, except for the independent cities, which are assigned codes higher than and following the listing of counties.

### COUNTY SUBDIVISION

County subdivisions are the primary divisions of counties and statistically equivalent entities for the reporting of decennial census data. They include census county divisions, census subareas, minor civil divisions, and unorganized territories. Each county subdivision is assigned a five-digit Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code in alphabetical order within each state.

#### **Census County Division (CCD)**

Census county divisions (CCDs) are county subdivisions that were delineated by the U.S. Census Bureau, in cooperation with state and local officials for purposes of presenting statistical data. CCDs have been established in 21 states where there are no legally established minor civil divisions (MCDs), where the MCDs do not have governmental or administrative purposes, where the boundaries of the MCDs change frequently, and/or where the MCDs generally are not known to the public. CCDs have no legal functions and are not governmental units.

The boundaries of CCDs usually are delineated to follow visible features, and coincide with census tracts where applicable. (In rare instances, two CCDs may constitute a single census tract.) The name of each CCD is based on a place, county, or well-known local name that identifies its location. CCDs have been established in the following 21 states: Alabama, Arizona, California, Colorado, Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Hawaii, Idaho, Kentucky, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, Oklahoma, Oregon, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Utah, Washington, and Wyoming.

#### **Census Subarea**

Census subareas are statistical subdivisions of boroughs and census areas (the statistical equivalents of counties) in Alaska. Census subareas are delineated cooperatively by the state of Alaska and the U.S. Census Bureau. They were first used for data presentation purposes as part of the 1980 census.

#### **Minor Civil Division (MCD)**

Minor civil divisions (MCDs) are the primary governmental or administrative divisions of a county in many states. MCDs represent many different kinds of legal entities with a wide variety of governmental and/or administrative functions. MCDs are variously designated as American Indian reservations, assessment districts, boroughs, charter townships, election districts, election precincts, gores, grants, locations, magisterial districts, parish governing authority districts, plantations, precincts, purchases, road districts, supervisor’s districts, towns, and townships. In some states, all or some incorporated places are not located in any MCD (independent places) and thus serve as MCDs in their own right. In other states, incorporated places are part of the MCDs in which they are located (dependent places), or the pattern is mixed – some incorporated places are independent of MCDs and others are included within one or more MCD. Independent cities, which are statistically equivalent to a county, also are treated as a separate MCD equivalent in states containing MCDs. In Maine and New York, there are American Indian reservations and off reservation trust lands that serve as MCD equivalents; a separate MCD is created in each case where the American Indian area crosses a county boundary.

The U.S. Census Bureau recognizes MCDs in the following 28 states: Arkansas, Connecticut, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Louisiana, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Nebraska, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, North Carolina, North Dakota, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Dakota, Vermont, Virginia, West Virginia, and Wisconsin. The District of Columbia has no primary divisions, and the city of Washington is considered equivalent to an MCD for statistical purposes. Arlington County, VA, also has no MCDs and the entire county is designated as an MCD with the name Arlington. The MCDs in 12 states (Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont, and Wisconsin) also serve as general-purpose local governments that generally can perform the same governmental functions as incorporated places. The U.S. Census Bureau presents data for these MCDs in all data products in which it provides data for places.

#### **Unorganized Territory**

Unorganized territories occur in 10 minor civil division (MCD) states (Arkansas, Indiana, Iowa, Louisiana, Maine, Minnesota, North Carolina, North Dakota, Ohio, and South Dakota) where portions of counties are not included in any legally established MCD or independent incorporated place. The U.S. Census Bureau recognizes such separate pieces of territory as one or more

separate county subdivisions for statistical data presentation purposes. It assigns each unorganized territory a descriptive name, followed by the designation "unorganized territory." Unorganized territories were first used for statistical data reporting in conjunction with the 1960 census.

## **PLACES AND CDP's**

Places, for the reporting of decennial census data, include census designated places, consolidated cities, and incorporated places. If place names are duplicated within a state and they represent distinctly different areas, a separate code is assigned to each place name alphabetically by primary county in which each place is located, or if both places are in the same county, alphabetically by their legal description (for example, "city" before "village").

### **Census Designated Place (CDP)**

Census designated places (CDPs) are delineated for each decennial census as the statistical counterparts of incorporated places. CDPs are delineated to provide census data for concentrations of population, housing, and commercial structures that are identifiable by name but are not within an incorporated place. CDP boundaries usually are defined in cooperation with state, local, and tribal officials. These boundaries, which usually coincide with visible features or the boundary of an adjacent incorporated place or other legal entity boundary, have no legal status, nor do these places have officials elected to serve traditional municipal functions. CDP boundaries may change from one decennial census to the next with changes in the settlement pattern; a CDP with the same name as in an earlier census does not necessarily have the same boundary. For Census 2000, for the first time, CDPs did not need to meet a minimum population threshold to qualify for tabulation of census data.

### **Incorporated Place**

Incorporated places recognized in decennial census data products are those reported to the U.S. Census Bureau as legally in existence on January 1, 2000, under the laws of their respective states, as cities, boroughs, city and boroughs, municipalities, towns, and villages, with the following exceptions: the towns in the New England states, New York, and Wisconsin, and the boroughs in New York are recognized as minor civil divisions for decennial census purposes; the boroughs, city and boroughs (as in Juneau City and Borough), and municipality (Anchorage) in Alaska are county equivalents for decennial census statistical presentation purposes. In four states (Maryland, Missouri, Nevada, and Virginia), there are one or more incorporated places known as "independent cities" that are primary divisions of a state and legally not part of any county. For data presentation purposes, the U.S. Census Bureau may treat an independent city as a county equivalent, county subdivision, and place. The U.S. Census Bureau treats the villages in American Samoa as incorporated places because they have their own officials, who have specific legal powers as authorized in the American Samoa Code. The village boundaries are traditional rather than being specific, legally defined locations. There are no incorporated places in Guam and the Northern Mariana Islands. The U.S. Census Bureau treats the three towns in the Virgin Islands of the United States as incorporated places. There are a few incorporated places that do not have a legal description. An incorporated place is established to provide governmental functions for a concentration of people as opposed to a minor civil division, which generally is created to provide services or administer an area without regard, necessarily, to population.

### **Consolidated City**

A consolidated government is a unit of local government for which the functions of an incorporated place and its county or minor civil division (MCD) have merged. The legal aspects of this action may result in both the primary incorporated place and the county or MCD continuing to exist as legal entities, even though the county or MCD performs few or no governmental functions and has few or no elected officials. Where this occurs, and where one or more other incorporated places in the county or MCD continue to function as separate governments, even though they have been included in the consolidated government, the primary incorporated place is referred to as a "consolidated city." The data presentation for consolidated cities varies depending upon the geographic presentation. In hierarchical presentations, consolidated cities are not shown. These presentations include the semi-independent places and the "consolidated city (remainder)." Where the consolidated city is coextensive with a county or county subdivision, the data shown for those areas in hierarchical presentations are equivalent to those for the consolidated government. For inventory geographic presentations, the consolidated city appears at the end of the listing of places. The data for the consolidated city include places that are part of the consolidated city. The "consolidated city (remainder)" is the portion of the consolidated government minus the semi-independent places, and is shown in alphabetical sequence with other places. In summary presentations by size of place, the consolidated city is not included. The places semi-independent of consolidated cities are categorized by their size, as is the "consolidated city (remainder)."

**EDUCATION REPORT BY**

**COUNTY**

**Census 2000 – Education Report**

Total Population	Enrolled Pop. 3+ in Grades 12 and Under		Educational Attainment for Pop. 25+					Speak Another Language, Pop. 5+	
	Public	Private	Not High School Graduate	High School Graduate	Some College	Bachelor's Degree & Above	Bachelor's Degree & Above [%]		
<b>Wyoming</b>	<b>493782</b>	<b>99354</b>	<b>7088</b>	<b>38317</b>	<b>97779</b>	<b>110405</b>	<b>69162</b>	<b>21.91%</b>	<b>29485</b>
Albany County	32014	4276	506	1114	3727	4676	7499	44.07%	2438
Big Horn County	11461	2621	105	1235	2506	2432	1170	15.93%	604
Campbell County	33698	8182	384	2343	7106	7508	3150	15.67%	1536
Carbon County	15639	3175	110	1733	3678	3294	1803	17.16%	1551
Converse County	12052	2694	110	1063	2766	2837	1152	14.74%	636
Crook County	5887	1402	24	553	1479	1177	679	17.46%	173
Fremont County	35804	7696	373	3499	7658	7359	4537	19.68%	2691
Goshen County	12538	2287	161	1283	2810	2747	1566	18.63%	874
Hot Springs County	4882	905	44	556	1270	1059	630	17.92%	157
Johnson County	7075	1452	66	492	1539	1843	1107	22.22%	234
Laramie County	81607	15298	1733	5766	14053	20784	12438	23.45%	6135
Lincoln County	14573	3657	128	1093	3151	3250	1555	17.18%	512
Natrona County	66533	13323	840	5006	13057	16055	8538	20.02%	3199
Niobrara County	2407	438	17	220	673	573	265	15.31%	76
Park County	25786	4874	472	2124	5208	5756	4057	23.66%	1030
Platte County	8807	1844	130	913	2323	1880	918	15.21%	392
Sheridan County	26560	4659	722	2085	5180	6689	4026	22.39%	1314
Sublette County	5920	1193	94	446	1429	1297	872	21.56%	201
Sweetwater County	37613	8705	420	2911	7994	8220	3928	17.04%	2636
Teton County	18251	2316	320	679	2428	3853	5878	45.79%	1428
Uinta County	19742	5075	218	1744	4069	3918	1712	14.96%	1010
Washakie County	8289	1919	88	785	1844	1809	1022	18.72%	544
Weston County	6644	1363	23	674	1831	1389	660	14.49%	114

**EDUCATION REPORT BY**

**MUNICIPALITY**

Census 2000 – Education Report

	Educational Attainment for Pop. 25+								Speak Another Language, Pop. 5+
	Total Population	Enrolled Pop. 3+ in Grades 12 and Under		Not High School Graduate	High School Graduate	Some College	Bachelor's Degree & Above	Bachelor's Degree & Above [%]	
		Public	Private						
<b>Wyoming</b>	<b>493782</b>	<b>99354</b>	<b>7088</b>	<b>38317</b>	<b>97779</b>	<b>110405</b>	<b>69162</b>	<b>21.91%</b>	<b>29485</b>
<b>Albany County</b>	<b>32014</b>	<b>4276</b>	<b>506</b>	<b>1114</b>	<b>3727</b>	<b>4676</b>	<b>7499</b>	<b>44.07%</b>	<b>2438</b>
East Albany CCD	181	23	0	6	6	23	83	70.34%	0
Laramie CCD	30128	3959	486	981	3316	4273	7062	45.18%	2382
Laramie city	27204	3353	390	830	2836	3689	6457	46.75%	2176
Remainder of CCD	2924	606	96	151	480	584	605	33.24%	206
Rock River CCD	466	93	0	54	115	49	51	18.96%	11
Rock River town	235	61	0	23	73	36	28	17.50%	9
Remainder of CCD	231	32	0	31	42	13	23	21.10%	2
South Albany CCD	1239	201	20	73	290	331	303	30.39%	45
Albany CDP	80	7	0	7	13	40	0	0.00%	21
Centennial CDP	191	10	0	0	27	33	106	63.86%	13
The Buttes CDP	31	19	0	0	10	10	0	0.00%	0
Woods Landing-Jelm CDP	100	13	0	6	34	44	30	26.32%	0
Remainder of CCD	837	152	20	60	206	204	167	26.22%	11
<b>Big Horn County</b>	<b>11461</b>	<b>2621</b>	<b>105</b>	<b>1235</b>	<b>2506</b>	<b>2432</b>	<b>1170</b>	<b>15.93%</b>	<b>604</b>
Big Horn Central CCD	3541	857	22	384	767	724	358	16.03%	213
Burlington town	250	92	7	29	48	39	25	17.73%	11
Greybull town	1815	387	12	196	493	368	168	13.71%	94
Remainder of CCD	1476	378	3	159	226	317	165	19.03%	108
Big Horn North CCD	5387	1295	53	572	1100	1129	502	15.20%	281
Byron town	557	160	2	54	133	103	45	13.43%	37
Cowley town	560	116	3	30	124	134	46	13.77%	23
Deaver town	177	59	4	9	37	50	18	15.79%	11
Frannie town (part)	180	40	0	35	29	26	12	11.76%	6
Lovell town	2281	526	11	236	433	476	209	15.44%	157
Remainder of CCD	1632	394	33	208	344	340	172	16.17%	47
Big Horn South CCD	2533	469	30	279	639	579	310	17.16%	110
Basin town	1238	183	0	165	297	309	159	17.10%	59
Hyattville CDP	73	8	0	5	4	22	10	24.39%	0
Manderson town	104	21	0	18	29	16	7	10.00%	15
Meadow Lark Lake CDP	8	0	0	0	0	2	1	33.33%	0
Remainder of CCD	1110	257	30	91	309	230	133	17.43%	36
<b>Campbell County</b>	<b>33698</b>	<b>8182</b>	<b>384</b>	<b>2343</b>	<b>7106</b>	<b>7508</b>	<b>3150</b>	<b>15.67%</b>	<b>1536</b>
Gillette North CCD	24067	5666	299	1691	5114	5219	2454	16.95%	986
Gillette city (part)	18486	4225	261	1140	3889	4016	2017	18.23%	844
Remainder of CCD	5581	1441	38	551	1225	1203	437	12.79%	142
Gillette South CCD	9631	2516	85	652	1992	2289	696	12.36%	550
Antelope Valley-Crestview CDP	1642	407	0	85	280	410	204	20.84%	45
Gillette city (part)	1160	392	10	95	243	205	63	10.40%	158
Sleepy Hollow CDP	1177	271	48	34	298	240	82	12.54%	48
Wright town	1347	340	14	52	280	369	57	7.52%	22
Remainder of CCD	4305	1106	13	386	891	1065	290	11.02%	277
<b>Carbon County</b>	<b>15639</b>	<b>3175</b>	<b>110</b>	<b>1733</b>	<b>3678</b>	<b>3294</b>	<b>1803</b>	<b>17.16%</b>	<b>1551</b>
Hanna CCD	1738	387	9	215	464	341	176	14.72%	73
Elk Mountain town	192	42	0	8	40	43	23	20.18%	5
Hanna town	873	223	7	81	239	158	74	13.41%	38
Medicine Bow town	274	58	0	45	74	56	22	11.17%	12
Remainder of CCD	399	64	2	81	111	84	57	17.12%	18
Rawlins CCD	10709	2182	90	1209	2526	2189	1061	15.19%	1333
Baggs town	348	69	0	30	116	62	33	13.69%	8
Dixon town	79	1	0	12	16	12	0	0.00%	0
Rawlins city	8538	1845	63	1008	1971	1714	829	15.01%	1147
Sinclair town	423	97	8	38	92	113	38	13.52%	25
Remainder of CCD	1321	170	19	121	331	288	161	17.87%	153

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<b>Carbon (cont'd)</b>									
Saratoga CCD	3192	606	11	309	688	764	566	24.32%	145
Grand Encampment town	443	81	0	60	124	86	80	22.86%	11
Riverside town	59	9	0	8	22	15	11	19.64%	0
Saratoga town	1726	334	7	194	364	418	302	23.63%	87
Remainder of CCD	964	182	4	47	178	245	173	26.91%	47
<b>Converse County</b>	<b>12052</b>	<b>2694</b>	<b>110</b>	<b>1063</b>	<b>2766</b>	<b>2837</b>	<b>1152</b>	<b>14.74%</b>	<b>636</b>
Douglas CCD	8245	1810	53	773	1789	1929	813	15.33%	517
Douglas city	5288	1092	47	520	1167	1206	524	15.34%	306
Esterbrook CDP	32	0	0	0	0	0	17	** **%*	0
Lost Springs town	1	0	0	0	6	0	0	0.00%	6
Remainder of CCD	2924	718	6	253	616	723	272	14.59%	205
Glenrock CCD	3807	884	57	290	977	908	339	13.48%	119
Glenrock town	2231	476	28	158	602	510	162	11.31%	73
Rolling Hills town	449	109	14	24	100	115	30	11.15%	6
Remainder of CCD	1127	299	15	108	275	283	147	18.08%	40
<b>Crook County</b>	<b>5887</b>	<b>1402</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>553</b>	<b>1479</b>	<b>1177</b>	<b>679</b>	<b>17.46%</b>	<b>173</b>
Hulett CCD	1276	318	0	209	343	213	116	13.17%	34
Hulett town	408	95	0	51	99	69	24	9.88%	6
Remainder of CCD	868	223	0	158	244	144	92	14.42%	28
Moorcroft CCD	2322	564	14	131	564	504	218	15.38%	101
Moorcroft town	807	197	0	64	173	203	73	14.23%	60
Pine Haven town	222	39	1	20	67	79	27	13.99%	3
Remainder of CCD	1293	328	13	47	324	222	118	16.60%	38
Sundance CCD	2289	520	10	213	572	460	345	21.70%	38
Sundance town	1161	301	0	94	240	179	171	25.00%	24
Remainder of CCD	1128	219	10	119	332	281	174	19.21%	14
<b>Fremont County</b>	<b>35804</b>	<b>7696</b>	<b>373</b>	<b>3499</b>	<b>7658</b>	<b>7359</b>	<b>4537</b>	<b>19.68%</b>	<b>2691</b>
Dubois CCD	1774	304	15	110	483	425	314	23.57%	83
Dubois town	962	171	13	76	309	240	122	16.33%	37
Remainder of CCD	812	133	2	34	174	185	192	32.82%	46
Lander CCD	9863	1985	64	855	1845	2070	2056	30.12%	495
Atlantic City CDP	39	0	0	0	7	6	14	51.85%	0
Hudson town (part)	335	51	0	47	75	74	23	10.50%	12
Lander city	6867	1386	22	605	1343	1462	1205	26.11%	353
Remainder of CCD	2622	548	42	203	420	528	814	41.42%	130
Shoshoni CCD	806	202	5	97	177	166	77	14.89%	17
Shoshoni town (part)	635	172	5	72	133	130	63	15.83%	13
Remainder of CCD	171	30	0	25	44	36	14	11.76%	4
Sweetwater CCD	206	14	6	29	54	53	2	1.45%	0
Jeffrey City CDP	106	14	0	13	22	36	0	0.00%	0
Remainder of CCD	100	0	6	16	32	17	2	2.99%	0
Wind River CCD	23155	5191	283	2408	5099	4645	2088	14.66%	2096
Arapahoe CDP	1766	533	83	198	323	266	37	4.49%	272
Boulder Flats CDP	381	79	10	42	67	70	35	16.36%	42
Crowheart CDP	163	40	2	4	50	36	8	8.16%	17
Ethete CDP	1455	426	3	178	203	227	36	5.59%	298
Fort Washakie CDP	1477	459	5	214	267	268	56	6.96%	335
Hudson town (part)	72	7	0	17	26	8	10	16.39%	5
Johnstown CDP	236	52	0	36	46	23	29	21.64%	12
Pavillion town	165	18	0	12	66	34	17	13.18%	10
Riverton city	9310	1751	95	961	2150	2010	1068	17.26%	629
Shoshoni town (part)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00%	0
Remainder of CCD	8130	1826	85	746	1901	1703	792	15.40%	476

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<b>Goshen County</b>	<b>12538</b>	<b>2287</b>	<b>161</b>	<b>1283</b>	<b>2810</b>	<b>2747</b>	<b>1566</b>	<b>18.63%</b>	<b>874</b>
Goshen Hole CCD	1341	249	30	65	299	262	205	24.67%	44
Hawk Springs CDP	69	0	0	0	13	0	0	0.00%	0
La Grange town	332	40	20	4	59	38	32	24.06%	13
Yoder town	169	40	0	16	40	37	10	9.71%	5
Remainder of CCD	771	169	10	45	187	187	163	28.01%	26
Rawhide Creek CCD	440	112	12	16	76	61	126	45.16%	22
Torrington CCD	10757	1926	119	1202	2435	2424	1235	16.93%	808
Fort Laramie town	243	67	0	58	80	62	22	9.91%	21
Huntley CDP	21	10	0	0	12	10	13	37.14%	5
Lingle town	510	111	0	34	129	137	56	15.73%	2
Torrington city	5776	1048	85	549	1270	1391	700	17.90%	397
Veteran CDP	28	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00%	0
Remainder of CCD	4179	690	34	561	944	824	444	16.01%	383
<b>Hot Springs County</b>	<b>4882</b>	<b>905</b>	<b>44</b>	<b>556</b>	<b>1270</b>	<b>1059</b>	<b>630</b>	<b>17.92%</b>	<b>157</b>
Thermopolis East CCD	586	108	6	128	134	120	107	21.88%	50
East Thermopolis town	274	46	6	62	88	43	17	8.10%	25
Lucerne CDP (part)	56	9	0	0	5	8	38	74.51%	13
Thermopolis town (part)	68	0	0	24	14	7	12	21.05%	12
Remainder of CCD	188	53	0	42	27	62	40	23.39%	0
Thermopolis West CCD	4202	765	33	424	1106	933	523	17.52%	107
Kirby town	57	0	0	5	12	16	6	15.38%	2
Lucerne CDP (part)	469	54	7	47	117	119	47	14.24%	7
Owl Creek CDP	11	10	12	0	26	0	5	16.13%	7
Thermopolis town (part)	3104	603	14	320	830	698	388	17.35%	91
Remainder of CCD	561	98	0	52	121	100	77	22.00%	0
Wind River CCD	94	32	5	4	30	6	0	0.00%	0
<b>Johnson County</b>	<b>7075</b>	<b>1452</b>	<b>66</b>	<b>492</b>	<b>1539</b>	<b>1843</b>	<b>1107</b>	<b>22.22%</b>	<b>234</b>
Buffalo CCD	6272	1305	56	394	1348	1648	1020	23.13%	191
Buffalo city	3900	675	36	213	914	994	587	21.68%	105
Remainder of CCD	2372	630	20	181	434	654	433	25.44%	86
Kaycee CCD	803	147	10	98	191	195	87	15.24%	43
Kaycee town	249	49	6	20	58	48	27	17.65%	3
Remainder of CCD	554	98	4	78	133	147	60	14.35%	40
<b>Laramie County</b>	<b>81607</b>	<b>15298</b>	<b>1733</b>	<b>5766</b>	<b>14053</b>	<b>20784</b>	<b>12438</b>	<b>23.45%</b>	<b>6135</b>
Cheyenne CCD	65916	12305	1355	5197	11635	16583	9881	22.82%	5263
Cheyenne city (part)	53011	9623	1051	3879	9320	13360	8640	24.55%	4482
Fox Farm-College CDP	3272	619	57	539	624	718	177	8.60%	271
Ranchettes CDP (part)	3400	741	69	108	501	1061	655	28.17%	101
South Greeley CDP	4201	961	130	475	684	859	199	8.98%	240
Remainder of CCD	2032	361	48	196	506	585	210	14.03%	169
Cheyenne East CCD	4891	1042	172	207	868	1290	905	27.68%	190
Cheyenne city (part)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00%	0
Ranchettes CDP (part)	1245	329	22	47	187	323	407	42.22%	67
Remainder of CCD	3646	713	150	160	681	967	498	21.60%	123
Cheyenne West CCD	7651	1178	155	110	850	2172	1321	29.67%	544
Cheyenne city (part)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00%	0
Ranchettes CDP (part)	224	83	39	0	36	109	91	38.56%	26
Warren AFB CDP	4440	576	65	14	265	1314	641	28.69%	426
Remainder of CCD	2987	519	51	96	549	749	589	29.70%	92
Pine Bluffs CCD	3149	773	51	252	700	739	331	16.37%	138
Albin town	120	23	0	15	27	24	13	16.46%	8
Burns town	285	50	13	14	63	84	17	9.55%	7
Pine Bluffs town	1153	277	6	112	301	238	113	14.79%	73
Remainder of CCD	1591	423	32	111	309	393	188	18.78%	50

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		Public	Private						
<b>Lincoln County</b>	<b>14573</b>	<b>3657</b>	<b>128</b>	<b>1093</b>	<b>3151</b>	<b>3250</b>	<b>1555</b>	<b>17.18%</b>	<b>512</b>
Afton CCD	9359	2361	92	682	1823	2197	1010	17.68%	292
Afton town	1818	484	4	152	292	402	216	20.34%	83
Alpine town	550	92	7	33	161	117	59	15.95%	41
Alpine Northeast CDP	82	20	12	6	17	44	0	0.00%	0
Alpine Northwest CDP	152	7	0	14	27	59	41	29.08%	0
Auburn CDP	276	119	11	12	36	58	30	22.06%	0
Bedford CDP	169	0	0	19	20	68	0	0.00%	8
Etna CDP	123	29	0	0	29	38	0	0.00%	0
Fairview CDP	277	98	0	12	53	27	21	18.58%	3
Grover CDP	137	12	0	17	16	27	4	6.25%	8
Smoot CDP	182	47	10	9	23	62	11	10.48%	0
Star Valley Ranch CDP	776	95	0	61	197	187	135	23.28%	31
Thayne town	341	128	0	13	94	64	21	10.94%	2
Turnerville CDP	155	9	29	2	9	36	10	17.54%	0
Remainder of CCD	4321	1221	19	332	849	1008	462	17.43%	116
<b>Kemmerer East CCD</b>	<b>4297</b>	<b>1023</b>	<b>36</b>	<b>338</b>	<b>1149</b>	<b>837</b>	<b>476</b>	<b>17.00%</b>	<b>191</b>
Diamondville town	716	150	3	79	238	119	53	10.84%	24
Fontenelle CDP	19	0	0	3	4	0	0	0.00%	0
Kemmerer city (part)	2651	662	10	189	634	552	344	20.01%	134
La Barge town	431	101	12	38	119	71	35	13.31%	12
Oakley CDP	18	4	0	2	8	5	0	0.00%	0
Opal town	102	30	0	16	21	13	2	3.85%	7
Remainder of CCD	360	76	11	11	125	77	42	16.47%	14
<b>Kemmerer West CCD</b>	<b>917</b>	<b>273</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>73</b>	<b>179</b>	<b>216</b>	<b>69</b>	<b>12.85%</b>	<b>29</b>
Cokeville town	506	157	0	31	90	105	53	19.00%	17
Kemmerer city (part)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00%	0
Taylor CDP	90	39	0	18	37	23	5	6.02%	10
Remainder of CCD	321	77	0	24	52	88	11	6.29%	2
<b>Natrona County</b>	<b>66533</b>	<b>13323</b>	<b>840</b>	<b>5006</b>	<b>13057</b>	<b>16055</b>	<b>8538</b>	<b>20.02%</b>	<b>3199</b>
Casper CCD	49673	9634	545	3964	9921	11871	6199	19.40%	2669
Casper city (part)	44923	8789	486	3363	8642	10857	6026	20.86%	2400
Evansville town (part)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00%	0
Mills town	2591	435	28	364	789	511	72	4.15%	164
Mountain View CDP (part)	64	0	0	13	37	0	0	0.00%	0
Remainder of CCD	2095	410	31	224	453	503	101	7.88%	105
<b>Casper North CCD</b>	<b>3478</b>	<b>755</b>	<b>42</b>	<b>277</b>	<b>868</b>	<b>856</b>	<b>212</b>	<b>9.58%</b>	<b>110</b>
Antelope Hills CDP	88	4	2	13	21	7	0	0.00%	0
Bar Nunn town	936	239	29	81	226	188	40	7.48%	32
Casper city (part)	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00%	0
Edgerton town	169	25	5	25	29	30	9	9.68%	4
Evansville town (part)	4	0	0	0	1	3	0	0.00%	0
Hartrandt CDP	682	121	0	68	213	169	14	3.02%	5
Homa Hills CDP	214	20	0	15	32	118	0	0.00%	19
Midwest town	408	132	2	40	122	66	26	10.24%	17
Remainder of CCD	975	214	4	35	224	275	123	18.72%	33
<b>Casper South CCD</b>	<b>7975</b>	<b>1809</b>	<b>141</b>	<b>425</b>	<b>1225</b>	<b>1905</b>	<b>1476</b>	<b>29.34%</b>	<b>243</b>
Brookhurst CDP	192	87	0	60	70	50	0	0.00%	11
Casper city (part)	3010	692	68	43	313	726	867	44.48%	114
Casper Mountain CDP	298	73	9	0	64	98	36	18.18%	0
Evansville town (part)	2251	523	26	220	485	437	87	7.08%	100
Meadow Acres CDP	181	31	0	37	52	82	15	8.06%	0
Remainder of CCD	2043	403	38	65	241	512	471	36.54%	18
<b>Hells Half Acre CCD</b>	<b>5407</b>	<b>1125</b>	<b>112</b>	<b>340</b>	<b>1043</b>	<b>1423</b>	<b>651</b>	<b>18.83%</b>	<b>177</b>
Alcova CDP	20	8	0	0	8	0	8	50.00%	0
Bessemer Bend CDP	170	23	6	19	51	49	39	24.68%	0

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	Public	Private							
<b>Natrona (cont'd)</b>									
Casper city (part)	1709	462	29	62	356	473	156	14.90%	53
Mountain View CDP (part)	39	0	0	0	11	0	0	0.00%	9
Powder River CDP	51	0	0	0	17	22	0	0.00%	6
Red Butte CDP	439	82	14	17	70	107	114	37.01%	8
Vista West CDP	1008	180	10	71	170	230	161	25.47%	26
Remainder of CCD	1971	370	53	171	360	542	173	13.88%	75
<b>Niobrara County</b>	<b>2407</b>	<b>438</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>220</b>	<b>673</b>	<b>573</b>	<b>265</b>	<b>15.31%</b>	<b>76</b>
Niobrara East CCD	1059	185	13	111	304	229	128	16.58%	47
Lusk town (part)	699	120	6	94	194	139	79	15.61%	28
Van Tassell town	18	4	0	0	0	10	0	0.00%	3
Remainder of CCD	342	61	7	17	110	80	49	19.14%	16
Niobrara West CCD	1348	253	4	109	369	344	137	14.29%	29
Lance Creek CDP	51	13	0	0	27	9	2	5.26%	3
Lusk town (part)	748	135	0	48	219	167	70	13.89%	20
Manville town	101	27	0	34	30	28	4	4.17%	4
Remainder of CCD	448	78	4	27	93	140	61	19.00%	2
<b>Park County</b>	<b>25786</b>	<b>4874</b>	<b>472</b>	<b>2124</b>	<b>5208</b>	<b>5756</b>	<b>4057</b>	<b>23.66%</b>	<b>1030</b>
Cody CCD	14285	2703	268	1231	3083	3073	2405	24.56%	574
Cody city	8835	1688	127	828	1918	1926	1364	22.60%	364
Remainder of CCD	5450	1015	141	403	1165	1147	1041	27.72%	210
Meeteetse CCD	1031	263	5	74	321	225	142	18.64%	39
Meeteetse town	351	99	2	39	85	62	64	25.60%	8
Remainder of CCD	680	164	3	35	236	163	78	15.23%	31
Powell CCD	10112	1840	189	815	1786	2379	1358	21.43%	410
Frannie town (part)	29	0	0	4	7	0	4	26.67%	0
Garland CDP	95	4	0	18	13	32	6	8.70%	0
Powell city	5373	896	45	491	956	1085	718	22.09%	312
Ralston CDP	233	37	0	30	47	72	38	20.32%	9
Remainder of CCD	4382	903	144	272	763	1190	592	21.02%	89
Yellowstone National Park CCD	358	68	10	4	18	79	152	60.08%	7
<b>Platte County</b>	<b>8807</b>	<b>1844</b>	<b>130</b>	<b>913</b>	<b>2323</b>	<b>1880</b>	<b>918</b>	<b>15.21%</b>	<b>392</b>
Chugwater CCD	582	140	7	33	109	112	63	19.87%	5
Chugwater town	244	74	7	11	67	41	25	17.36%	5
Slater CDP	82	20	0	0	9	33	0	0.00%	0
Remainder of CCD	256	46	0	22	33	38	38	29.01%	0
Glendo CCD	579	86	37	71	182	137	39	9.09%	6
Glendo town	229	23	3	43	97	67	10	4.61%	6
Remainder of CCD	350	63	34	28	85	70	29	13.68%	0
Guernsey CCD	1529	335	16	127	448	304	137	13.48%	72
Guernsey town	1147	257	16	104	327	243	88	11.55%	50
Hartville town	76	18	0	13	34	12	10	14.49%	19
Remainder of CCD	306	60	0	10	87	49	39	21.08%	3
Wheatland CCD	6117	1283	70	682	1584	1327	679	15.89%	309
Chugcreek CDP	132	13	22	11	8	36	33	37.50%	0
Lakeview North CDP	77	10	0	0	0	21	13	38.24%	0
Westview Circle CDP	67	34	0	0	7	41	11	18.64%	0
Wheatland town	3548	669	16	453	945	761	421	16.32%	230
Y-O Ranch CDP	242	62	4	38	87	49	5	2.79%	32
Remainder of CCD	2051	495	28	180	537	419	196	14.71%	47
<b>Sheridan County</b>	<b>26560</b>	<b>4659</b>	<b>722</b>	<b>2085</b>	<b>5180</b>	<b>6689</b>	<b>4026</b>	<b>22.39%</b>	<b>1314</b>
Sheridan CCD	19641	3180	641	1699	3874	4844	2822	21.32%	950
Arvada CDP	33	0	0	0	8	6	1	6.67%	0
Clearmont town	115	41	5	13	31	41	8	8.60%	2
Sheridan city (part)	15804	2655	380	1275	3048	4031	2231	21.08%	804

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<b>Sheridan (cont'd)</b>									
Remainder of CCD	3689	484	256	411	787	766	582	22.86%	144
Sheridan South CCD	4510	911	53	217	798	1241	864	27.69%	250
Big Horn CDP	198	35	11	9	21	37	46	40.71%	9
Sheridan city (part)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00%	0
Story CDP	887	172	11	26	195	260	214	30.79%	39
Remainder of CCD	3425	704	31	182	582	944	604	26.12%	202
Sheridan West CCD	2409	568	28	169	508	604	340	20.97%	114
Dayton town	678	149	8	58	163	181	74	15.55%	20
Parkman CDP	137	26	5	11	39	38	11	11.11%	5
Ranchester town	701	176	11	37	144	174	85	19.32%	30
Remainder of CCD	893	217	4	63	162	211	170	28.05%	59
<b>Sublette County</b>	<b>5920</b>	<b>1193</b>	<b>94</b>	<b>446</b>	<b>1429</b>	<b>1297</b>	<b>872</b>	<b>21.56%</b>	<b>201</b>
Big Piney CCD	1920	478	6	130	493	416	165	13.70%	44
Big Piney town	408	93	6	24	108	91	54	19.49%	7
Calpet CDP	7	4	0	0	2	3	0	0.00%	0
Marbleton town	720	170	0	42	179	157	32	7.80%	17
Remainder of CCD	785	211	0	64	204	165	79	15.43%	20
Boulder CCD	194	38	0	4	34	59	14	12.61%	0
Boulder CDP	30	0	0	4	4	4	0	0.00%	0
Remainder of CCD	164	38	0	0	30	55	14	14.14%	0
Pinedale CCD	3806	677	88	312	902	822	693	25.39%	157
Bondurant CDP	155	20	0	10	43	26	29	26.85%	11
Cora CDP	76	4	0	4	38	11	25	32.05%	3
Daniel CDP	89	13	0	15	28	17	9	13.04%	3
Pinedale town	1412	233	33	103	405	288	237	22.94%	88
Remainder of CCD	2074	407	55	180	388	480	393	27.27%	52
<b>Sweetwater County</b>	<b>37613</b>	<b>8705</b>	<b>420</b>	<b>2911</b>	<b>7994</b>	<b>8220</b>	<b>3928</b>	<b>17.04%</b>	<b>2636</b>
Green River North CCD	10111	2627	133	819	2011	2091	905	15.53%	796
Clearview Acres CDP (part)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00%	0
Eden CDP (part)	136	7	0	0	0	6	19	76.00%	0
Farson CDP (part)	36	18	0	0	0	0	18	** **%*	0
Granger town	146	24	0	37	42	16	5	5.00%	22
Green River city (part)	8464	2287	127	597	1731	1764	817	16.64%	651
James Town CDP (part)	511	132	6	85	120	140	26	7.01%	45
Little America CDP	56	12	0	0	8	0	0	0.00%	12
Purple Sage CDP	413	62	0	50	72	76	6	2.94%	39
Rock Springs city (part)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00%	0
Remainder of CCD	349	85	0	50	38	89	14	7.33%	27
Green River South CCD	3578	857	15	185	773	848	503	21.78%	250
Green River city (part)	3344	800	15	183	689	808	481	22.26%	244
James Town CDP (part)	41	19	0	2	12	9	0	0.00%	6
McKinnon CDP	49	6	0	0	29	17	6	11.54%	0
Washam CDP	43	20	0	0	14	7	7	25.00%	0
Remainder of CCD	101	12	0	0	29	7	9	20.00%	0
Rock Springs North CCD	23222	5065	264	1832	5021	5192	2461	16.97%	1551
Clearview Acres CDP (part)	850	159	15	141	134	168	6	1.34%	86
Eden CDP (part)	252	150	0	16	118	85	85	27.96%	8
Farson CDP (part)	206	44	0	13	17	36	16	19.51%	11
North Rock Springs CDP	1974	477	12	73	468	419	139	12.65%	85
Point of Rocks CDP (part)	3	0	0	0	0	10	10	50.00%	0
Reliance CDP	665	169	15	103	177	112	13	3.21%	22
Rock Springs city (part)	18705	3926	219	1452	3945	4274	2136	18.09%	1330
Superior town	244	73	0	24	76	50	12	7.41%	9
Remainder of CCD	323	67	3	10	86	38	44	24.72%	0

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<b>Sweetwater (cont'd)</b>									
Arrowhead Springs CDP	68	29	0	7	33	0	19	32.20%	0
Point of Rocks CDP (part)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00%	0
Rock Springs city (part)	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00%	0
Sweeney Ranch CDP	17	0	0	0	0	0	6	**.*%*	0
Remainder of CCD	59	0	7	0	12	0	0	0.00%	0
Wamsutter CCD	555	127	1	68	144	89	34	10.15%	39
Bairoil town	97	18	0	25	24	11	2	3.23%	4
Table Rock CDP	82	45	0	0	38	6	0	0.00%	0
Wamsutter town	261	48	1	36	56	41	16	10.74%	27
Remainder of CCD	115	16	0	7	26	31	16	20.00%	8
<b>Teton County</b>	<b>18251</b>	<b>2316</b>	<b>320</b>	<b>679</b>	<b>2428</b>	<b>3853</b>	<b>5878</b>	<b>45.79%</b>	<b>1428</b>
Alta CCD	402	70	20	0	47	71	152	56.30%	24
Alta CDP	400	70	20	0	47	71	152	56.30%	24
Remainder of CCD	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00%	0
Jackson Hole CCD	17668	2239	300	679	2377	3741	5627	45.29%	1399
Hoback CDP	1453	245	13	57	251	366	394	36.89%	48
Jackson town	8647	900	112	459	1361	1941	2178	36.67%	1034
Moose Wilson Road CDP	1439	228	32	0	96	332	686	61.58%	138
Rafter J Ranch CDP	1138	287	15	20	166	215	358	47.17%	22
South Park CDP	864	114	10	97	97	149	236	40.76%	37
Teton Village CDP	175	22	14	6	7	28	146	78.07%	10
Wilson CDP	1294	157	0	14	153	256	589	58.20%	42
Remainder of CCD	2658	286	104	26	246	454	1040	58.89%	68
Yellowstone National Park CCD	181	7	0	0	4	41	99	68.75%	5
<b>Uinta County</b>	<b>19742</b>	<b>5075</b>	<b>218</b>	<b>1744</b>	<b>4069</b>	<b>3918</b>	<b>1712</b>	<b>14.96%</b>	<b>1010</b>
Bridger Valley CCD	5964	1642	52	488	1367	1194	389	11.31%	200
Carter CDP	8	0	0	2	2	3	0	0.00%	0
Fort Bridger CDP	400	80	0	81	67	103	22	8.06%	45
Lonetree CDP	61	30	4	2	5	14	9	30.00%	4
Lyman town	1938	551	19	173	382	367	106	10.31%	56
Mountain View town	1153	298	20	72	272	232	103	15.17%	40
Robertson CDP	59	18	0	8	19	11	3	7.32%	3
Remainder of CCD	2345	665	9	150	620	464	146	10.58%	52
Evanston CCD	13778	3433	166	1256	2702	2724	1323	16.53%	810
Evanston city	11507	2765	134	1062	2198	2274	1178	17.55%	779
Remainder of CCD	2271	668	32	194	504	450	145	11.21%	31
<b>Washakie County</b>	<b>8289</b>	<b>1919</b>	<b>88</b>	<b>785</b>	<b>1844</b>	<b>1809</b>	<b>1022</b>	<b>18.72%</b>	<b>544</b>
Ten Sleep CCD	770	135	11	57	168	195	133	24.05%	30
Ten Sleep town	304	48	4	23	100	68	34	15.11%	1
Remainder of CCD	466	87	7	34	68	127	99	30.18%	29
Worland CCD	7519	1784	77	728	1676	1614	889	18.12%	514
Airport Road CDP	297	50	0	18	48	98	55	25.11%	13
Mc Nutt CDP	278	148	4	19	51	34	26	20.00%	18
South Flat CDP	374	114	23	35	75	125	30	11.32%	76
Washakie Ten CDP	604	107	0	37	131	96	110	29.41%	29
West River CDP	321	99	6	34	34	92	44	21.57%	24
Winchester CDP	60	0	0	11	13	14	0	0.00%	0
Worland city	5250	1148	44	541	1292	1094	560	16.06%	329
Remainder of CCD	335	118	0	33	32	61	64	33.68%	25
<b>Weston County</b>	<b>6644</b>	<b>1363</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>674</b>	<b>1831</b>	<b>1389</b>	<b>660</b>	<b>14.49%</b>	<b>114</b>
Newcastle CCD	5348	1055	15	557	1477	1125	546	14.74%	104
Hill View Heights CDP	166	28	0	0	41	31	60	45.45%	0
Newcastle city	3065	661	6	335	888	598	252	12.16%	82
Osage CDP	215	27	0	43	54	60	25	13.74%	0

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**Weston (cont'd)**

Remainder of CCD	1902	339	9	179	494	436	209	15.86%	22
Upton CCD	1296	308	8	117	354	264	114	13.43%	10
Upton town	872	235	8	94	269	200	81	12.58%	7
Remainder of CCD	424	73	0	23	85	64	33	16.10%	3

**EDUCATION REPORT BY**

**PLACE**

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<b>Wyoming</b>	<b>493782</b>	<b>99354</b>	<b>7088</b>	<b>38317</b>	<b>97779</b>	<b>110405</b>	<b>69162</b>	<b>21.91%</b>	<b>29485</b>
Afton town	1818	484	4	152	292	402	216	20.34%	83
Airport Road CDP	297	50	0	18	48	98	55	25.11%	13
Albany CDP	80	7	0	7	13	40	0	0.00%	21
Albin town	120	23	0	15	27	24	13	16.46%	8
Alcova CDP	20	8	0	0	8	0	8	50.00%	0
Alpine town	550	92	7	33	161	117	59	15.95%	41
Alpine Northeast CDP	82	20	12	6	17	44	0	0.00%	0
Alpine Northwest CDP	152	7	0	14	27	59	41	29.08%	0
Alta CDP	400	70	20	0	47	71	152	56.30%	24
Antelope Hills CDP	88	4	2	13	21	7	0	0.00%	0
Antelope Valley-Crestview CDP	1642	407	0	85	280	410	204	20.84%	45
Arapahoe CDP	1766	533	83	198	323	266	37	4.49%	272
Arrowhead Springs CDP	68	29	0	7	33	0	19	32.20%	0
Arvada CDP	33	0	0	0	8	6	1	6.67%	0
Atlantic City CDP	39	0	0	0	7	6	14	51.85%	0
Auburn CDP	276	119	11	12	36	58	30	22.06%	0
Baggs town	348	69	0	30	116	62	33	13.69%	8
Bairoil town	97	18	0	25	24	11	2	3.23%	4
Bar Nunn town	936	239	29	81	226	188	40	7.48%	32
Basin town	1238	183	0	165	297	309	159	17.10%	59
Bedford CDP	169	0	0	19	20	68	0	0.00%	8
Bessemer Bend CDP	170	23	6	19	51	49	39	24.68%	0
Big Horn CDP	198	35	11	9	21	37	46	40.71%	9
Big Piney town	408	93	6	24	108	91	54	19.49%	7
Bondurant CDP	155	20	0	10	43	26	29	26.85%	11
Boulder CDP	30	0	0	4	4	4	0	0.00%	0
Boulder Flats CDP	381	79	10	42	67	70	35	16.36%	42
Brookhurst CDP	192	87	0	60	70	50	0	0.00%	11
Buffalo city	3900	675	36	213	914	994	587	21.68%	105
Burlington town	250	92	7	29	48	39	25	17.73%	11
Burns town	285	50	13	14	63	84	17	9.55%	7
Byron town	557	160	2	54	133	103	45	13.43%	37
Calpet CDP	7	4	0	0	2	3	0	0.00%	0
Carter CDP	8	0	0	2	2	3	0	0.00%	0
Casper city	49644	9943	583	3468	9311	12056	7049	22.11%	2567
Casper Mountain CDP	298	73	9	0	64	98	36	18.18%	0
Centennial CDP	191	10	0	0	27	33	106	63.86%	13
Cheyenne city	53011	9623	1051	3879	9320	13360	8640	24.55%	4482
Chugcreek CDP	132	13	22	11	8	36	33	37.50%	0
Chugwater town	244	74	7	11	67	41	25	17.36%	5
Clearmont town	115	41	5	13	31	41	8	8.60%	2
Clearview Acres CDP	850	159	15	141	134	168	6	1.34%	86
Cody city	8835	1688	127	828	1918	1926	1364	22.60%	364
Cokeville town	506	157	0	31	90	105	53	19.00%	17
Cora CDP	76	4	0	4	38	11	25	32.05%	3
Cowley town	560	116	3	30	124	134	46	13.77%	23
Crowheart CDP	163	40	2	4	50	36	8	8.16%	17
Daniel CDP	89	13	0	15	28	17	9	13.04%	3
Dayton town	678	149	8	58	163	181	74	15.55%	20
Deaver town	177	59	4	9	37	50	18	15.79%	11
Diamondville town	716	150	3	79	238	119	53	10.84%	24

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Dixon town	79	1	0	12	16	12	0	0.00%	0
Douglas city	5288	1092	47	520	1167	1206	524	15.34%	306
Dubois town	962	171	13	76	309	240	122	16.33%	37
East Thermopolis town	274	46	6	62	88	43	17	8.10%	25
Eden CDP	388	157	0	16	118	91	104	31.61%	8
Edgerton town	169	25	5	25	29	30	9	9.68%	4
Elk Mountain town	192	42	0	8	40	43	23	20.18%	5
Esterbrook CDP	32	0	0	0	0	0	17	** **%0	0
Ethete CDP	1455	426	3	178	203	227	36	5.59%	298
Etna CDP	123	29	0	0	29	38	0	0.00%	0
Evanston city	11507	2765	134	1062	2198	2274	1178	17.55%	779
Evansville town	2255	523	26	220	486	440	87	7.06%	100
Fairview CDP	277	98	0	12	53	27	21	18.58%	3
Farson CDP	242	62	0	13	17	36	34	34.00%	11
Fontenelle CDP	19	0	0	3	4	0	0	0.00%	0
Fort Bridger CDP	400	80	0	81	67	103	22	8.06%	45
Fort Laramie town	243	67	0	58	80	62	22	9.91%	21
Fort Washakie CDP	1477	459	5	214	267	268	56	6.96%	335
Fox Farm-College CDP	3272	619	57	539	624	718	177	8.60%	271
Frannie town	209	40	0	39	36	26	16	13.68%	6
Garland CDP	95	4	0	18	13	32	6	8.70%	0
Gillette city	19646	4617	271	1235	4132	4221	2080	17.83%	1002
Glendo town	229	23	3	43	97	67	10	4.61%	6
Glenrock town	2231	476	28	158	602	510	162	11.31%	73
Grand Encampment town	443	81	0	60	124	86	80	22.86%	11
Granger town	146	24	0	37	42	16	5	5.00%	22
Green River city	11808	3087	142	780	2420	2572	1298	18.36%	895
Greybull town	1815	387	12	196	493	368	168	13.71%	94
Grover CDP	137	12	0	17	16	27	4	6.25%	8
Guernsey town	1147	257	16	104	327	243	88	11.55%	50
Hanna town	873	223	7	81	239	158	74	13.41%	38
Hartrandt CDP	682	121	0	68	213	169	14	3.02%	5
Hartville town	76	18	0	13	34	12	10	14.49%	19
Hawk Springs CDP	69	0	0	0	13	0	0	0.00%	0
Hill View Heights CDP	166	28	0	0	41	31	60	45.45%	0
Hoback CDP	1453	245	13	57	251	366	394	36.89%	48
Homa Hills CDP	214	20	0	15	32	118	0	0.00%	19
Hudson town	407	58	0	64	101	82	33	11.79%	17
Hulett town	408	95	0	51	99	69	24	9.88%	6
Huntley CDP	21	10	0	0	12	10	13	37.14%	5
Hyattville CDP	73	8	0	5	4	22	10	24.39%	0
Jackson town	8647	900	112	459	1361	1941	2178	36.67%	1034
James Town CDP	552	151	6	87	132	149	26	6.60%	51
Jeffrey City CDP	106	14	0	13	22	36	0	0.00%	0
Johnstown CDP	236	52	0	36	46	23	29	21.64%	12
Kaycee town	249	49	6	20	58	48	27	17.65%	3
Kemmerer city	2651	662	10	189	634	552	344	20.01%	134
Kirby town	57	0	0	5	12	16	6	15.38%	2
La Barge town	431	101	12	38	119	71	35	13.31%	12
La Grange town	332	40	20	4	59	38	32	24.06%	13
Lakeview North CDP	77	10	0	0	0	21	13	38.24%	0
Lance Creek CDP	51	13	0	0	27	9	2	5.26%	3

**Census 2000 – Education Report**

Total Population	Enrolled Pop. 3+ in Grades 12 and Under		Educational Attainment for Pop. 25+					Speak Another Language, Pop. 5+	
	Public	Private	Not High School Graduate	High School Graduate	Some College	Bachelor's Degree & Above	Bachelor's Degree & Above [%]		
Lander city	6867	1386	22	605	1343	1462	1205	26.11%	353
Laramie city	27204	3353	390	830	2836	3689	6457	46.75%	2176
Lingle town	510	111	0	34	129	137	56	15.73%	2
Little America CDP	56	12	0	0	8	0	0	0.00%	12
Lonetree CDP	61	30	4	2	5	14	9	30.00%	4
Lost Springs town	1	0	0	0	6	0	0	0.00%	6
Lovell town	2281	526	11	236	433	476	209	15.44%	157
Lucerne CDP	525	63	7	47	122	127	85	22.31%	20
Lusk town	1447	255	6	142	413	306	149	14.75%	48
Lyman town	1938	551	19	173	382	367	106	10.31%	56
McKinnon CDP	49	6	0	0	29	17	6	11.54%	0
Mc Nutt CDP	278	148	4	19	51	34	26	20.00%	18
Manderson town	104	21	0	18	29	16	7	10.00%	15
Manville town	101	27	0	34	30	28	4	4.17%	4
Marbleton town	720	170	0	42	179	157	32	7.80%	17
Meadow Acres CDP	181	31	0	37	52	82	15	8.06%	0
Meadow Lark Lake CDP	8	0	0	0	0	2	1	33.33%	0
Medicine Bow town	274	58	0	45	74	56	22	11.17%	12
Meeteetse town	351	99	2	39	85	62	64	25.60%	8
Midwest town	408	132	2	40	122	66	26	10.24%	17
Mills town	2591	435	28	364	789	511	72	4.15%	164
Moorcroft town	807	197	0	64	173	203	73	14.23%	60
Moose Wilson Road CDP	1439	228	32	0	96	332	686	61.58%	138
Mountain View CDP	103	0	0	13	48	0	0	0.00%	9
Mountain View town	1153	298	20	72	272	232	103	15.17%	40
Newcastle city	3065	661	6	335	888	598	252	12.16%	82
North Rock Springs CDP	1974	477	12	73	468	419	139	12.65%	85
Oakley CDP	18	4	0	2	8	5	0	0.00%	0
Opal town	102	30	0	16	21	13	2	3.85%	7
Osage CDP	215	27	0	43	54	60	25	13.74%	0
Owl Creek CDP	11	10	12	0	26	0	5	16.13%	7
Parkman CDP	137	26	5	11	39	38	11	11.11%	5
Pavillion town	165	18	0	12	66	34	17	13.18%	10
Pine Bluffs town	1153	277	6	112	301	238	113	14.79%	73
Pinedale town	1412	233	33	103	405	288	237	22.94%	88
Pine Haven town	222	39	1	20	67	79	27	13.99%	3
Point of Rocks CDP	3	0	0	0	0	10	10	50.00%	0
Powder River CDP	51	0	0	0	17	22	0	0.00%	6
Powell city	5373	896	45	491	956	1085	718	22.09%	312
Purple Sage CDP	413	62	0	50	72	76	6	2.94%	39
Rafter J Ranch CDP	1138	287	15	20	166	215	358	47.17%	22
Ralston CDP	233	37	0	30	47	72	38	20.32%	9
Ranchester town	701	176	11	37	144	174	85	19.32%	30
Ranchettes CDP	4869	1153	130	155	724	1493	1153	32.71%	194
Rawlins city	8538	1845	63	1008	1971	1714	829	15.01%	1147
Red Butte CDP	439	82	14	17	70	107	114	37.01%	8
Reliance CDP	665	169	15	103	177	112	13	3.21%	22
Riverside town	59	9	0	8	22	15	11	19.64%	0
Riverton city	9310	1751	95	961	2150	2010	1068	17.26%	629
Robertson CDP	59	18	0	8	19	11	3	7.32%	3
Rock River town	235	61	0	23	73	36	28	17.50%	9
Rock Springs city	18708	3926	219	1452	3945	4274	2136	18.09%	1330

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Rolling Hills town	449	109	14	24	100	115	30	11.15%	6
Saratoga town	1726	334	7	194	364	418	302	23.63%	87
Sheridan city	15804	2655	380	1275	3048	4031	2231	21.08%	804
Shoshoni town	635	172	5	72	133	130	63	15.83%	13
Sinclair town	423	97	8	38	92	113	38	13.52%	25
Slater CDP	82	20	0	0	9	33	0	0.00%	0
Sleepy Hollow CDP	1177	271	48	34	298	240	82	12.54%	48
Smoot CDP	182	47	10	9	23	62	11	10.48%	0
South Flat CDP	374	114	23	35	75	125	30	11.32%	76
South Greeley CDP	4201	961	130	475	684	859	199	8.98%	240
South Park CDP	864	114	10	97	97	149	236	40.76%	37
Star Valley Ranch CDP	776	95	0	61	197	187	135	23.28%	31
Story CDP	887	172	11	26	195	260	214	30.79%	39
Sundance town	1161	301	0	94	240	179	171	25.00%	24
Superior town	244	73	0	24	76	50	12	7.41%	9
Sweeney Ranch CDP	17	0	0	0	0	0	6	** **%	0
Table Rock CDP	82	45	0	0	38	6	0	0.00%	0
Taylor CDP	90	39	0	18	37	23	5	6.02%	10
Ten Sleep town	304	48	4	23	100	68	34	15.11%	1
Teton Village CDP	175	22	14	6	7	28	146	78.07%	10
Thayne town	341	128	0	13	94	64	21	10.94%	2
The Buttes CDP	31	19	0	0	10	10	0	0.00%	0
Thermopolis town	3172	603	14	344	844	705	400	17.44%	103
Torrington city	5776	1048	85	549	1270	1391	700	17.90%	397
Turnerville CDP	155	9	29	2	9	36	10	17.54%	0
Upton town	872	235	8	94	269	200	81	12.58%	7
Van Tassell town	18	4	0	0	0	10	0	0.00%	3
Veteran CDP	28	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00%	0
Vista West CDP	1008	180	10	71	170	230	161	25.47%	26
Wamsutter town	261	48	1	36	56	41	16	10.74%	27
Warren AFB CDP	4440	576	65	14	265	1314	641	28.69%	426
Washakie Ten CDP	604	107	0	37	131	96	110	29.41%	29
Washam CDP	43	20	0	0	14	7	7	25.00%	0
West River CDP	321	99	6	34	34	92	44	21.57%	24
Westview Circle CDP	67	34	0	0	7	41	11	18.64%	0
Wheatland town	3548	669	16	453	945	761	421	16.32%	230
Wilson CDP	1294	157	0	14	153	256	589	58.20%	42
Winchester CDP	60	0	0	11	13	14	0	0.00%	0
Woods Landing-Jelm CDP	100	13	0	6	34	44	30	26.32%	0
Worland city	5250	1148	44	541	1292	1094	560	16.06%	329
Wright town	1347	340	14	52	280	369	57	7.52%	22
Yoder town	169	40	0	16	40	37	10	9.71%	5
Y-O Ranch CDP	242	62	4	38	87	49	5	2.79%	32